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UNIT NO. 232.1	INTERVAL(m)1357.79 - 1364.50	THICKNESS(m) 6.71	76
INTERPRETATION _	Basalt flow (incomplete)	TERPRETATION PASALE	

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Grayish-green, ophimottled, medium- to coarse-grained, aphyric basalt with pronounced decrease in grain size in lower 40 cm. Zones of varying grain size and steeply dipping (30-40°) flow banding in lower 1.5 m. Fractures moderately abundant in upper meter and lower meter; lined with calcite in upper part, with smectite/chlorite in lower part. Fractures in central part generally sparse except between 1359.30 and 1359.40 m, lined with smectite/chlorite. Vesicles less than 10%, lined with dark green smectite/chlorite and filled with silica. Upper contact truncated by dike of unit 231.3; lower contact rests depositionally on unit 234.1.

UNIT NO.	234.1	INTERVAL(m)	1364.56 - 1365.66	THICKNESS (m)	1.10
INTERPRET	ATION _	Basalt scoria flow	(complete)	disam MD1TA	1311111111

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Reddish to grayish-green clastic unit made up of cm to dm size, finely to coarsely vesicular clasts; grain size and vesicularity of clasts increases downward. Irregular fractures and void space filled with carbonate, zeolite, and clay. Epidote-rich vein, 1 cm wide, in lower part. Unit interpreted as separate 'rubble flow' but may possibly be basal breccia of overlying flow. Upper contact sharp and subhorizontal, lower contact dips 30-40°, irregular, with 5-cm-thick layer of fine-grained reddish 'tuff' at base. Unit lies between 232.1 and 234.2.

UNIT NO. 234.2 INTERVAL(m) 1365.66 - 1366.05 THICKNESS(m) 0.39

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INTERPRETATION _	Clastic unit (incomplete	e) <u> </u>	EXCEL MET BATEROUS IN
MACROSCOPIC DESC	RIPTION		MAGROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION
to fusion and ba with unit 234.1 of unit 234.3.	illi-size basalt clasts, is and voids. Clasts in lowe king of underlying dike. depositional; basal contac Unit may be part of erupti	er part flattened, Irregular fracture et dips 60°, trunca ve unit 234.1.	possibly due es. Top contact ated by dike
	the secretary in the second		
	mactive enterophenous prost of the selection and continues of class (Sh) it is continued to a selection of flour void and increase of the selection of flour void of the selection of the selecti	malized() Alund contactors rolling fractors moders Alundapres be restrict filled a ontal, depositions	Day of the total and the total
UNIT NO. 234.3	INTERVAL(m) 1366	.05 - 1419.52	THICKNESS(m) _53.47
INTERPRETATION _	Basalt dike (complete)		
MACROSCOPIC DESCR			MACROSCOPIC CECENIFIC
Gray, fine- to me	dium-grained, very uniform	n basalt with very	rare plagioclase

microphenocrysts, less than 1%, 1-1.5 mm across. Fractures common, varying from horizontal to steep, generally coated with chlorite/smectite. Very rare calcite and zeolite in veinlets. Disseminated pyrite widespread, quartz rare. Some fine-grained, red alteration products in groundmass (altered olivine?).

Alteration most pronounced toward bottom between 1412.0 and 1414.0 m.

Unit intruded between 234.2 and 243.1.

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UNIT NO. 243.1 INTERVAL(m) 1419.52 - 1429.80 THICKNESS(m) 10.28
INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION
Flow divided into three parts: a) 1419.52 - 1424.50 m: Reddish-gray, fine- to medium-grained, scoriaceous basalt breccia with welded fragments less than 5 cm across. Homogeneous, more massive zone between 1421.10 and 1421.80 m. Below 1421 m basalt is brecciated and scoriaceous. Sparse plagioclase microphenocrysts 1% or less, 1-2 mm. Moderately fractured with generally irregular surfaces. Vesicles filled with zeolite; several amygdules of zeolite greater than 1 cm across. Base of subunit transitional to central part of flow. b) 1424.60 - 1429.50 m: Grayish-green, medium-grained basalt; sparsely phyric, plagioclase phenocrysts 1% or less, 1-2 mm; olivine microphenocrysts 1% or less, 1 mm, altered to red hematite(?). Abundant microvesicles (5%) filled with green smectite/chlorite. Several silica-filled veins up to 5 mm wide between 1425.60 and 1427.10 m. Fractures moderately abundant and horizontal. c) 1429.50 - 1429.80 m: Bluish-green basal breccia of finely vesicular fragment less than 5 cm across; vesicles filled with silica, zeolite, and some carbonate. Basal contact subhorizontal, depositional with unit 245.1; upper contact truncated by unit 234.3.

UNIT NO	245.1	INTERVAL(m)	1429.80	- 1430.00	THICKNESS (m)	0.20
INTERPRETA	TION	Clastic unit (com	plete)	Unice Laddy 2	Takas WOLLAN	1383377

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Red, relatively massive sediment, probably crystal vitric tuff with excellent dark, sparsely vesicular shards. Top and bottom contacts irregular, subhorizontal, depositional. Lies between units 243.1 and 245.2.

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UNIT NO. 245.2 INTERVALOR	
INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)	35.95 THICKNESS (m) 6.
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION (Incomplete)	within laws () MSPTATHER
Flow divided into two	MODITE (252 NO DIFFEREN

Flow divided into two parts:

a) 1429.95 - 1433.10 m: Upper 40 cm reddish-gray, highly vesicular scoriaceous breccia grading downward into grayish-blue, denser, brecciated basalt with fewer vesicles and epidote in addition to other secondary minerals. Vesicles filled with calcite and zeolite. Lower half most strongly altered with conspicuous epidote. Below 1432.40 rock is crumbly for 10 cm. Some vugs in lower 50 cm partly filled with quartz, epidote and zeolites, up to 2 cm across.

b) 1433.10 - 1435.95 m: Light gray, medium-grained, dense, aphyric basalt with scattered vugs up to 2 cm. Microvesicles filled with smectite/chlorite. Fractures moderately abundant and subhorizontal. Unit lies between 245.1 and 246.1; upper contact subhorizontal, depositional; lower contact truncated by dike, dips 70°.

UNIT NO. 246.1 INTERVAL(m) 1435 95	
INTERPRETATION Basalt dike (complete)	THICKNESS (m) 5.88
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	EARL HOLTATIONS AND

Gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt. Relatively fresh. Irregular vertical veins up to 3 mm wide, filled mostly with calcite. Unit intruded between units 245.2 and 247.1; top and bottom contacts chilled, dip 50-70°. which was also been builted assistant and vot of species parameter and the contract of the con the same the service and the free free contraction to the contract of the cont

by 1445 spide. The party waters are presented in server business in the will past the early become help in the over the property of the property of the past of th despitation of the continue to both the continue to the first the first before the continue of

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UNIT NO. 245.2 INTERVAL(m) 1429.95 - 1435.9	5 THICKNESS(m) 6.00
INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)	MO. 2 LOSE TO MOST AT LONG TO
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	MOTTE BOOK DI GOOKOSTA
Flow divided into two parts: a) 1429.95 - 1433.10 m: Upper 40 cm reddish-gray, high scoriaceous breccia grading downward into grayish-blue basalt with fewer vesicles and epidote in addition to minerals. Vesicles filled with calcite and zeolite. strongly altered with conspicuous epidote. Below 1432 for 10 cm. Some vugs in lower 50 cm partly filled with and zeolites, up to 2 cm across. b) 1433.10 - 1435.95 m: Light gray, medium-grained, dwith scattered vugs up to 2 cm. Microvesicles filled Fractures moderately abundant and subhorizontal. Unit 246.1; upper contact subhorizontal, depositional; lowe by dike, dips 70°.	c, denser, brecciated other secondary Lower half most 2.40 rock is crumbly th quartz, epidote ense, aphyric basalt with smectite/chlorite.
UNIT NO246.1	THICKNESS (m) 5.88
INTERPRETATION Basalt dike (complete)	
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	MERCENPIC PRECEIPTION
Gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt. Relative vertical veins up to 3 mm wide, filled mostly with calcibetween units 245.2 and 247.1; top and bottom contacts of	ely fresh. Irregular ite. Unit intruded chilled, dip 50-70°.

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REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 247.1	INTERVAL (n) 1441.83 - 1442.00	THICKNESS (m)	0.17
INTERPRETATION	Clastic unit (incomplete)	Alband WOTTE	caagaaral

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Green to dark green, medium- to coarse-grained, crystal vitric tuff. Lies between units 246.1 and 247.2; top truncated by dike, contact dips 50-70°; base irregular, depositional on underlying rubbly flow top.

UNIT NO. 247.2	INTERVAL(m)	1442.00 - 1445.80	THICKNESS (m)	3.80
INTERPRETATION	Rasalt flow (inco	mplete)	Winnell WAVA	and the

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Flow divided into two parts:

a) 1442.00 - 1433.90 m: Upper 50 cm is scoriaceous breccia, pervasively altered, especially by epidote giving it a green mottled texture. Below follows greenishgray to gray, fine-grained, brecciated basalt which may be partly scoriaceous breccia, partly internally brecciated lava. Vesicularity is irregular; many vesicles open, other vesicles and void spaces between fragments filled with calcite, zeolite, smectite/chlorite and epidote.

b) 1443.90 - 1445.80 m: Gray, even-grained, massive basalt. Zoned vesicles moderately abundant, up to 1 cm across, filled with calcite and zeolite. 1-cm-wide vein filled with calcite and zeolite at 1445.54 m. Fractures rare except for hairline veins. 0.5-cm-wide dikelet at 1445.45. Unit lies between units 247.1 and 248.1; upper contact depositional, basal

contact truncated by chilled dike, dips 50°.

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UNIT NO.	248.1	INTERVAL(m)	1445.80 - 1475.50	THICKNESS (m)	29.70
INTERPRETA	ATION Basal	t dike (comple	te)	tleast with	110000000000000000000000000000000000000

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray to green, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric, non-vesicular basalt. Steep angle fractures common, generally coated with slickensided smectite/chlorite. Core generally highly broken up, spacing of fractures commonly less than 5 cm. Fractures less abundant in lower 1.5 m. Top and bottom contacts intrusive, dip about 50°. Unit intruded between units 247.2 and 253.1.

UNIT NO. 253.1	INTERVAL (m)	1475.50 - 1487.00	THICKNESS (m)	11 50
INTERPRETATION B	asalt flow (incom	plete)	Ten D worker	11.50

sesion(aslty; vericles less than 20, its mm saross. Base is 10-cm-thick

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Dominantly fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt with pronounced mottled texture. Basal 25 cm brecciated. Mottling begins 50 cm below top as 0.5 to 2 mm wide light colored spots in dark matrix; increases at 1476.65 m to coarse mottling with light spots up to 2 cm across; decreases from 1429.60 m to base of flow. Flow banding in lower half, generally dips less than 10°. Amygdules scattered in upper 4 m, 0.5 to 3 cm across, filled with carbonate and zeolite; veins in upper 1-2 m subhorizontal to steeply inclined, to 4 mm wide, filled with carbonate and zeolite. Fractures rare above 1484.30 m, common below, lined with smectite/chlorite. Oxidation and alteration pervasive in mottled part of flow; voids in basal breccia filled with carbonate and zeolite. Basal breccia consists of coarse upper and finer-grained lower part. Lies between units 248.1 and 255.1. Upper contact cut by dike, dips about 70°; lower contact depositional, subhorizontal.

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UNIT NO. 255.1 INTERVAL(m) 1487.00 - 1498.00 THICKNESS(m) 11.00
INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (complete)
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION
Flow divided into two parts: a) 1487.00 - 1488.60 m: Dominantly brick red scoriaceous flow top breccia; Fragments 1-10 mm, generally only finely vesicular, most vesicles much less than 1 mm across. Voids filled with epidote and zeolite, mostly finely dis- seminated. Breccia grades rapidly into zone of brecciated lava 10 cm thick, and then into main part of flow. b) 1488.60 - 1498.00 m: Light gray, dominantly fine-grained, aphyric basalt with several textural subunits. Very sparse fractures, subhorizontal. Subunits are: 1) 1488.70 - 1490.00 m: Basalt with 10% vesicles, mostly 0.5 - 2 mm, filled with green smectite/chlorite, others filled with zeolite. Abundant irregular fractures. 2) 1490.00 - 1491.70 m: Vesicles decrease to less than 5%; lensoid cavities at 1480.00, 1490.90 filled with zeolite and quartz crystals. Flow banding throughout, dips about 30°, 3) 1491.70 - 1493.40 m: Similar to subunit 2 with somewhat coarser grain size, fewer vesicles and more pronounced flow banding. Some amygdules, partly open, 4) 1493.40 - 1496.30 m: Decreasing vesicularity; vesicles filled with green smectite/chlorite. Grain size coarser than subunit 3 and texture more homogeneous, 5) 1496.30 - 1498.00 m: Decreasing grain size, increasing vesicularity; vesicles less than 5%, 1-3 mm across. Base is 10-cm-thick layer of breccia. Unit lies between units 253.1 and 257.1; top contact subhorizontal, depositional, basal contact sharp, subhorizontal, depositional. UNIT NO. 257.1 INTERVAL(m) 1498.00 - 1498.30 THICKNESS(m) 0.30
INTERPRETATION Clastic unit (complete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Brick red, moderately bedded, indurated vitric tuff. Upper part fine-grained, lower part coarse-grained. Basal 2-3 cm fine-grained, interfingers with scoria of underlying flow top. Lies between units 255.1 and 257.2.

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UNIT NO257.2	INTERVAL(m) 1498.30 - 1506.92	THICKNESS(m) 8.62
INTERPRETATION Basa	It flow (complete)	A STATE OF THE STA
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	ON	merical envisor

Flow divided into three parts:

a) 1498.30 - 1499.20 m: Brick red, scoriaceous, flow top breccia; clasts 0.5 to 1 cm across, top fragments highly vesicular, basal fragments finely vesicular. Vesicles filled with zeolite at top and zeolite with calcite and epidote at base. Irregular fractures. Lower boundary gradational.
b) 1499.20 - 1500.70 m: Brecciated flow top between scoriaceous breccia and massive bulk of flow. Gray to green basalt with 5-10% vesicles, irregularly shaped and distributed. Basalt alternates with brecciated zones. Lower boundary gradational, indistinct.

c) 1500.70 - 1506.92 m: Fine- to medium-grained grayish-green basalt. Upper 60 cm vesicular; vesicles less than 10%, 1- 10 mm, filled with green smectite/chlorite, some with quartz. Flow banding in upper half of lower unit, rock more massive in lower part. Lower 15 cm is basal breccia. Fractures very rare, subhorizontal to 70° dip. Unit lies between units 257.1 and 258.1; top and bottom contacts subhorizontal, depositional.

UNIT NO258.1	INTERVAL(m)	1506.92 - 1510.19	THICKNESS (m)	3.27
INTERPRETATIONE	Basalt flow (compl	lete)		

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Flow divided into two parts:

a) Flow top breccia - dominantly brick red scoriaceous breccia; most fragments less than 10 cm across, some highly vesicular; vesicles filled with mostly zeolite, some with carbonate and epidote. Lower 20-30 cm gray, internally brecciated basalt. Upper subunit extends to about 1508.30 m.
b) Gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt with vesicular zone between 1509.50 and 1509.70 m. Rare fractures.

Unit lies between units 257.2 and 259.1; contacts subhorizontal, depositional.

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UNIT NO	259.1	INTERVAL(m)	1510.19 -	1526.30	THICKNESS (m)	16.11
INTERPRETA	TION Bas	alt flow (comp	lete)	i ngiloz (Repri	MOLTHIBORED OF	доогонам

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

a) 1510.19 - 1511.50 m: Greenish-gray to reddish-gray, scoriaceous, flow Flow divided into two parts: top breccia grading relatively quickly into massive part of flow. Rather altered and partly soft and crumbly; epidote and minor zeolite common. b) 1511.50 - 1526.30 m: Greenish-gray, fine- to medium-grained basalt with several smectite/chlorite filled vesicle zones in upper 2 m and lower Sparse zeolite and quartz filled amygdules, partly open, mostly near top of subunit. Fractures subhorizontal, rare. Lower 20 cm is basal

Unit lies between units 258.1 and 261.1; top contact horizontal, abrupt; lower contact irregular, dips about 40°.

UNIT NO	261.1_	INTERVAL(m)	1526.30 - 1534.85	THICKNESS (m)	8.55
INTERPRETA	ATION Ba	asalt flow (comple	ete)	ported capacity	risa da a

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

a) 1526.30 - 1528.50 m: Greenish-gray, scoriaceous, flow top breccia. Primary textures and structures difficult to define because of extreme and pervasive alteration, dominantly to epidote but also to quartz, zeolite and smectite/ chlorite. Part of unit very friable, soft and crumbly, with crystals of secondary minerals growing in cavities. Irregular fractures. b) 1528.50 - 1534.85 m: Reddish-gray in upper part, greenish-gray in lower part, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt. Vesicles less than 5%, 1-10 mm across in upper 40 cm, filled with green smectite/chlorite and minor zeolite, quartz and epidote. Vesicles gradually decrease in abundance but partly open quartz and zeolite filled vugs occur sparsely throughout unit. Vesicularity increases again 30 cm above base. Basal breccia in lower 3 cm. Unit lies between units 259.1 and 263.1; upper and lower contacts depositional, subhorizontal. Fractures rare, irregular to subhorizontal. Basal 20 cm cut by abundant chlorite/smectite lined high angle fractures.

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UNIT NO263.1	INTERVAL (m)	1534.85 - 1535.	.12 THICKNES	SS(m) 0.27
INTERPRETATION _	Clastic unit (comp			,O(m)
MACROSCOPIC DESCR			Service rates a	<u> </u>
to define and pro Unit lies between	en at base, moderate tely indurated, top obably gradational t n units 261.1 and 26	o underlying sco	o fine lapilli sor contact diffications flow to	size cult op.
		Present a contra	at a least took	Williams the Service of the Service
			it. Mure mail of the Control of the	
NIT NO263.2	INTERVAL(m)	1535.12 - 1545.6	8 THICKNESS	(m) 10.56
NTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (complet	e)		
Flow divided into a) 1535.12 - 1537. Scoriaceous flow to Rock is highly alto smectite/chlorite, b) 1537.60 - 1545. Applyric basalt with vesicles 1-3 mm, movesicles throughous banding in upper and the smeather of the smeath	three parts: 60 m: Reddish-gray op breccia with tran ered, some parts ver epidote, zeolite, of 30 m: Dominantly li h several vesicle ze ostly filled with qu t; vesicle amount an and lower part and ma 68 m: Greenish-gray, possibly scoriaceou	in upper meter, nsitional contact ry friable. Altequartz. Irregulating the green, fine-ones and vesicle partz. Small irred size increase assive in central flow base breccies breccia of under the size increase as the size increase as the size in central size as the size in central size as the size	to greenish-grate from overlying eration minerals ar and regular for to medium-grain sheets in upper regular smectite in lower meter. part. ia perhaps with erlying flow.	tuff. are ractures. ned, meter; filled Flow some
Main part of flow h	mits 263.1 and 264. has some low angle f	ractures. Quarta	sitional, subhor z filled veinlet	izontal.

UNIT NO. 264.1 INTERVAL(m) 1545.68 - 1555.95 THICKNESS(m) 10.27

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INTERPRETATION	Complex basalt flow i	unit (complete)
MACROSCOPIC DESC	CRIPTION	MERCENCOR LO DESCRIPTION V
a) 1545.68 - 15 Between 1545.68 highly vesicula vesicles. Vesi prismatic quart 1547.00 rock mo basalt below wh Fractures mostl b) 1550.40 - 15 aphyric basalt. Brecciated zone chiefly quartz, mottled texture Irregular fract Unit lies between	and 1547.00 m rock is r, breccia with some macles mostly 0.1-10 mm at z crystals. Epidote at re massive followed douich lies green, highly y irregular. 55.95 m: Chiefly mass More vesicular in up occurs between 1551.00 zeolite and green sme in central part. Bas	es of thin breccia and massive zones. dominantly light to medium, greenish-gray, assive vesicular baslt with partly open across, lined with drusy minerals, mostly nd smectite/chlorite also common. Below wnward by reddish-gray, oxidized, vesicular altered, vesicular, dense basalt. ive, light gray, fine- to medium-grained, per and lower meter than in central part. 0 and 1551.35. Amygdaloidal minerals ctite/chlorite. Flow banding and slightly al 20 cm more brecciated and amygdaloidal. t rare and low angle in most of flow. 1. Contacts depositional, upper dips 20°.
UNIT NO. 266.1	INTERVAL(m)	1555.95 - 1560.40 THICKNESS(m) 4.45
INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (complet	e) (statume) wood stated sometimes
MACROSCOPIC DES	CRIPTION	
a) 1555.95 - 15 basalt and some and zeolite in b) 1556.70 - 15 fine-grained basectite and so c) 1559.20 - 15 flow banded base	e scoriaceous breccia we upper part. Denser in 559.20 m: Main part of asalt. Vesicles up to ome quartz. Fractures 560.40 m: Freshest parts alt with highly vesicue-20°. Some large drusy	greenish-gray, fine-grained, brecciated with abundant epidote, chlorite/smectite, a lower part. Subhorizontal fractures. If flow greenish-gray, highly vesicular 50%, 1-5 mm, filled with chlorite/rare, subhorizontal. It of flow is gray, fine-grained, highly alar zone in lower central part. Flow y cavities to 2 cm across, with quartz

Unit lies between units 264.1 and 267.1; upper contact depositional, subhori-

zontal; lower contact depositional, indistinct, subhorizontal.

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UNIT NO267.1	INTERVAL(m)	1560.40 - 1563	.78 THICKNESS (m)	3.38
INTERPRETATION _	Basalt flow (com	plete)		- Velocus
MACROSCOPIC DESC	RIPTION		and the second second second	
Flow divided int	o two parts:			
a) 1560.40 - 156	1.88 m: Flow top 1 le between 1561.00	preccia, light gr	een, highly altered,	very
 a) 1560.40 - 156 vesicular; friab filled with epide 	le between 1561.00 ote and minor chlo	and 1561.25 m. rite/smectite. S	Vesicles 1-5 mm acros	c
a) 1560.40 - 156 vesicular; friab filled with epide angle fractures	le between 1561.00 ote and minor chlo to 20°. Relatively	and 1561.25 m. rite/smectite. S sharp contact to	Vesicles 1-5 mm acros	s, low

Unit lies between units 268.1 and 266.1; upper contact depositional, subhori-

zontal; lower contact very sharp, depositional, subhorizontal.

UNIT NO. 268.1 INTERVAL(m) 1563.78 - 1577.09 THICKNESS(m) 13.31

INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (complete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Flow divided into two parts:

abundant but smaller in lower 20 cm.

a) 1563.78 - 1565.10 m: Flow top breccia composed of light gray, fine-grained, finely vesicular basalt clasts with a little scoria on top. Green alteration (epidote) prominent in lower half but on the whole flow top is neither as scoriaceous, vesicular, nor altered as many overlying flows. Few fractures. b) 1565.10 - 1577.09 m: Mainly fine- to medium-grained, light to medium gray, aphyric basalt. Upper part highly vesicular; vesicles 1-10 mm across, irregular to elongate, filled with epidote, smectite/chlorite, and calcite. Flow banding from 1566.20 to 1568.80 m, more massive to base except for slightly vesicular lower 20 cm. As usual, there are scattered round amygdules in central part and sparse veinlets. Fractures rare and subhorizontal. Unit lies between units 267.1 and 270.1; basal contact, indistinct, difficult to define; basal breccia thicker than normal and probably intermixed with top breccia of underlying flow; upper contact depositional, sharp.

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UNIT NO. 270.1 INTERVAL(m) 1577.09 - 1583.40 THICKNESS(m) 6.31
INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION
Flow divided into two subunits: a) 1577.09 - 1578.35 m: Grayish-red, to grayish-green, scoriaceous flow top breccia and brecciated lava. Grain size difficult to determine. One large fragment between 1577.75 and 1577.95 m highly vesicular, otherwise rock is finely vesicular. Vesicles and void spaces filled mostly with epidote; rock pervasively altered but not as thoroughly as overlying flows. b) 1578.35 - 1583.50 m: Medium gray, fine- to medium-grained, sparsely phyric basalt. Plagioclase microphenocrysts or microlites less than 1%; olivine microphenocrysts about 1%, 0.5 to 1 mm across, altered to hematite(?). Structure massive in upper part but some brecciation in lower 1.2 m. Scattered vugs filled with quartz and zeolite common in lower brecciated part. Subhorizontal fractures moderately abundant. Unit lies between units 268.1 and 271.1; upper contact depositional, gradational subhorizontal; lower contact against chilled dike margin, dips 60°

UNIT NO	271.1	INTERVAL(m)	1583.40 - 1586.00	THICKNESS (m)	2.60
INTERPRETA	TION	Basalt dike (comp	lete)	lases -MOTTA	

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, aphyric, non-vesicular, fine- to medium-grained basalt. Intrusive contacts at top and bottom, dip about 60-70°. Moderately fractured, fractures mostly dip about 40°, some subvertical and irregular. Unit lies between units 270.1 and 271.2.

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UNIT NO.	271.2	INTERVAL(m)	1586.00 - 1586.55	THICKNESS (m)	0.55	
INTERPRET	ATION Basa	lt flow (incomp	olete)	6.452		

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Medium-grained, finely to moderately vesicular basalt. Top and bottom bounded by dikes but chlorite/smectite filled vesicles make flow origin very likely. Subhorizontal fractures common. Unit lies between units 271.1 and 271.3; possibly a continuation of flow in unit 270.1.

UNIT NO. 271.3 INTERVAL(m) 1586.55 - 1600.65 THICKNESS(m) 14.10

INTERPRETATION Basalt dike (complete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Medium gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric, non-vesicular basalt. Sub-horizontal fractures in about 20 cm intervals above 1593.20 m, with additional more abundant high angle fractures below, mostly dipping 40-70°. Fractures coated with chlorite/smectite. Carbonate -zeolite veins up to 2 mm wide in lower 2 m. Vugs filled with carbonate and zeolite in brecciated lower meter. Upper and lower contacts chilled against units 271.2 and 274.1, respectively.

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	274.1		1600.65 - 1600.70		0.05
	274.3		1600.90 - 1601.04		0.14
	274.5		1601.12 - 1601.30		0.18
UNIT NO.	274.6	INTERVAL(m)	1601.30 - 1608.88	THICKNESS (m)_	7.58

INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete) (cut by dikes of units 274.2 and 274.4)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Units interpreted as part of single flow based on similar lithology and thinness of dikes cutting upper part. Upper part is reddish-gray to greenish-gray, scoriaceous flow top breccia of moderately phyric basalt. Most breccia fragments less than 10 cm across; fragments partly altered and vesicles and voids filled with epidote, calcite and zeolite. This grades downward into light gray, fine- to medium-grained, sparsely phyric basalt at about 1603.20 m. Phenocrysts are plagioclase, less than 5%, 1-3 mm, partly albitized(?) and olivine, less than 1%, less than 1 mm, altered. Zones of irregular vesicles in lower part filled with smectite/chlorite and quartz. Lower part relatively massive with some flow banding and calcite-filled veins. Lower 5 cm highly brecciated. Fractures mostly dip less than 40°, some filled with calcite, spaced about every 20-30 cm. Unit lies between units 271.3 and 275.1; contacts depositional, subhorizontal. Flow probably complete except for thin dikes in upper part.

UNIT NO.	274.2	INTERVAL(m)	1600.70 - 1600.	.90 THICKNESS (m)	0.20
INTERPRET	TATION _	Basalt dike (compl	ete)	(108 Re als dile	EA (SIE) COMME

Later contents with the agence course

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, fine-grained, aphyric basalt with chilled contacts. Intruded between units 274.1 and 274.1

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	president formered and relative train
ACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	MOTORINESSED DIADORONOM
Gray, fine-grained, aphyric basalt with chille units 274.3 and 274.5.	Linux and the South Control of Section of Se
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I work the during the location weight	Committee of the contract of t
	1609.85 THICKNESS(m) 0.97

tuff. Shards and pumice fragments visible. Irregular calcite-filled hairline veinlets and 3-cm-wide vein at 1609.84 m with 3-cm-wide green 'halo'. Subhorizontal fractures at 2-15 cm intervals. Unit lies between units 274.6 and

ness easely submortionish. Testolor care, yenerally lass than I on some

275.2; upper and lower contacts depositional, subhorizontal.

UNIT NO. 275.2 INTERVAL(m) 1609.85 - 1616.48 THICKNESS(m) 6.63

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INTERPRETATION Basait flow (complete)
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION
Flow divided into two parts: a) 1609.85 - 1613.60 m: Dominantly gray, finely vesicular, brecciated basalt makes up bulk of flow. Voids filled dominantly with calcite, some epidote. Fractures rare. b) 1613.60 - 1616.48 m: Lower part of flow is gray to reddish-gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt with possible flow unit boundary at 1614.45 m. Irregular flow banding. Secondary minerals rare except groundmass smectite/ chlorite. Most fractures subhorizontal and spaced at 20-50 cm intervals. Two fractures near base dip 40-50°. Unit lies between units 275.1 and 276.1; upper and lower contacts depositional, subhorizontal; upper contact sharp, lower contact indistinct and drawn arbitrarily.
the state of the s
UNIT NO. 276.1 INTERVAL(m) 1616.48 - 1628.48 THICKNESS(m) 12.00
INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (complete)
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION
Flow divided into two parts: a) 1616.48 - 1617.50 m: Reddish-gray, breccia of small clasts, less than 10 cm across. Clasts finely vesicular, somewhat welded with indistinct boundaries. Some epidote and calcite in vesicles but alteration moderate. Fractures rare. Lower contact indistinct. b) 1617.50 - 1628.48 m: Fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt. Flow banding between 1620.00 and 1624.40 m, dipping about 50°. Fractures rare and mostly subhorizontal. Vesicles rare, generally less than 1 cm across, mostly filled with quartz; vesicles slightly more abundant in lower 40 cm except for very fine-grained basal layer 10 cm thick. No basal breccia. Unit lies between units 275.2 and 278.1; contacts depositional, subhorizontal; upper contact indistinct, lower contact sharp.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 280.1 INTERVAL(m) 1628.48 - 1634.80 6.32 THICKNESS(m) 7.15

INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

These two units are considered part of a single flow based on similar lithology and the thinness of the intervening dike. Upper part of flow consists of three parts from top down. Top part is bedded tuff and lithic lapilli breccia with 2 large basalt clasts, reddish on top, red to green at base. This zone may represent a separate epiclastic or pyroclastic unit with fragments from the underlying brecciatd flow top. This zone passes downward into reddish-gray, scoriaceous breccia in which most clasts are less than 10 cm across. Much carbonate in vesicles. Below this is grayish-green, microvesicular, mediumgrained, aphyric basalt with rare subhorizontal fractures and rare vesicles 1-5 mm across, filled with calcite and quartz. This continues to base of combined unit with about 5 cm of fine-grained basal breccia.

Combined unit lies between units 276.1 and 281.1 and is cut in the middle by the dike of unit 279.1. Upper and lower contacts depositional, subhorizontal, sharp.

UNIT NO. 279.1	INTERVAL(m)	1634.80 - 1635.70	THICKNESS (m)	0.90
INTERPRETATION _	Basalt dike (comp	lete)		TERRITOR I

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, medium-grained to fine-grained at margins, aphyric basalt with some subvertical fractures. Unit intruded between units 278.1 and 280.1 and has chilled contacts dipping 50-80°.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 280.1 INTERVAL(m) 1628.48 - 1634.80 6.32 THICKNESS(m) 7.15

INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

These two units are considered part of a single flow based on similar lithology and the thinness of the intervening dike. Upper part of flow consists of three parts from top down. Top part is bedded tuff and lithic lapilli breccia with 2 large basalt clasts, reddish on top, red to green at base. This zone may represent a separate epiclastic or pyroclastic unit with fragments from the underlying brecciatd flow top. This zone passes downward into reddish-gray, scoriaceous breccia in which most clasts are less than 10 cm across. Much carbonate in vesicles. Below this is grayish-green, microvesicular, medium-grained, aphyric basalt with rare subhorizontal fractures and rare vesicles 1-5 mm across, filled with calcite and quartz. This continues to base of combined unit with about 5 cm of fine-grained basal breccia.

Combined unit lies between units 276.1 and 281.1 and is cut in the middle by the dike of unit 279.1. Upper and lower contacts depositional, subhorizontal, sharp.

UNIT NO. 279.1	INTERVAL (m)	1634.80 - 16	35.70	THICKNESS (m)	0.90
INTERPRETATION B	asalt dike (comp	lete)) 6/// 28	HALE MOT TAT	engalthu.

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, medium-grained to fine-grained at margins, aphyric basalt with some subvertical fractures. Unit intruded between units 278.1 and 280.1 and has chilled contacts dipping 50-80°.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 281.1 INTERVAL(m) 1642.85 - 1655.40	THICKNESS (m)	12.55
	Look Park	
INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)		
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	MOLTALKORRO DES	
Flow divided into two parts: a) 1642.85 - 1647.20 m: Complex unusually thick flow top is red, fine-to medium-grained tuffaceous sedimentary into thick with subhorizontal depositional contacts. This is a 1 m ot reddish, moderately vesicular basalt consisting of 30 cm. Vesicles up to 2 cm across, filled chiefly with en	inderlain by about clasts up to a	out bout

base where gray clasts of fine-grained basalt occur. Grayish-green, internally brecciatd basalt at very base.
b) 1647.20 - 1655.40 m: Light to medium gray, fine- to medium-grained basalt with sparse subhorizontal fractures in upper part, increasing in abundance in lower part. Generally low vesicularity except in a few zones. Subhorizontal flow banding occurs in lower part. Alteration along hairline fractures

Below this is about 2 m of light to dark green, strongly altered, coherent scoriaceous breccia. Light green clasts set in darker matrix except near

slight.
Unit lies between units 280.1 and 283.1; upper contact truncated by chilled dike margin; lower contact depositional, subhorizontal.

UNIT NO.	283.1	INTERVAL(m)	1655.40 - 1662.25	THICKNESS (m)	6.85
INTERPRETA	ATION Bas	alt dike (compl	ete?)	VIION ESERT	Determination

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Fine- to medium-grained, aphyric, medium to light gray basalt. Color becomes lighter at base. Moderately to strongly fractured; fractures mostly dip about 45° but some steeper, some subhorizontal. Fractures lined with smectite/chlorite. Unit intruded between units 281.1 and 284.1; upper and lower contacts chilled; upper contact steep and dips about 40°; lower contact steep and wavy from 1662.25 to 1662.40 m. Carbonate(?)-filled vein occurs at lower contact thus difficult to determine whether unit 283.1 is chilled against unit 284.1 or vice versa.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO.	284.1	INTERVAL	(m) 1662.25	- 1663.20	THICKNESS (m)	0.95
INTERPRETA	TION	Basalt dike	(complete?)	Losos Casalin	Military William	

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Complex, internally brecciated multiple(?) dike. Fine-grained, gray, aphyric basalt with two large veins up to 1 cm wide, filled with quartz and epidote. Intruded between units 283.1 and unit 284.2; upper contact steep and wavy, not clear which unit chilled against which; lower contact chilled, subhorizontal.

284.2		1663.20 - 1665.50		2.30
285.2		1665.68 - 1665.73		0.05
285.4		1665.90 - 1667.68		1.78
UNIT NO. 285.6	INTERVAL(m)	1667.82 - 1668.12	THICKNESS (m)	0.30

INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete) (intruded by several dikes)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

These units considered as parts of single flow cut by narrow dikes based on similar lithologies and thinness of intervening dikes. Unit consists of light gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt. Grain size generally increases downward. Top 50 cm very vesicular; vesicles mostly 0.5 to 2 cm across, filled with quartz, epidote, some calcite and zeolite. Generally fewer vesicles but some irregular pods of secondary minerals in lower parts. Fractures sparse, irregular, mostly dip 20-40°, mostly lined with quartz. Compound unit lies between units 284.1 and 285.7; upper and lower contacts truncated by dikes; unit interpreted as flow from grain size and vesicularity. Flow cut by dikes of units 285.1, 285.3, and 285.5.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO.	285.1 I	NTERVAL(m) _	1665.50 - 1	1665.68	THICKNESS(m) 0.18
INTERPRETA	ATION Basalt	dike (complet	ce)	el exila rise	EL YOUTKINGT
	IC DESCRIPTION				
Dark gray Unit lies	, fine-grained, between units	, aphyric bass 284.2 and 28	alt with ch	illed upper	and lower contacts.
					date and fallers
	a contract of				
					ng in members to
		47			
					284.1
UNIT NO.	285.3	INTERVAL(m)	1665.73 -	1665.90	THICKNESS (m) 0.17
		t dike (comple	ete)		Tazan . IOITAINDIN
INTERPRET	IAIIUN Basaii	t dike (compile			
MACROSCO	PIC DESCRIPTION				

Dark gray, fine-grained, aphyric basalt with chilled upper and lower contacts.

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but your transference are exceeded extended to the fatherest done and

Unit lies between units 285.2 and 285.4.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

INTERPRETATION Basalt dike with slice	es of flow (complete?)
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	
grained basalt with veinlets of quartz, mostly 1-3 mm wide. Unit lies between chilled; upper contact subhorizontal, 1	ower contact dips about 20°.
the statute streams rewell put redd	Fort tres borween units 285.7 and 287.23 i
UNIT NO. 285.7 INTERVAL(m) 16	68.12 - 1677.25 THICKNESS(m) 9.13
INTERPRETATION Basalt dike (complet	e) sinfampi call times Moltaringuis
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	

fractured; fractures chiefly subhorizontal, some dip up to 70° especially in lower 1.5 m. Fractures generally lined with chlorite/smectite, but calcite, zeolite and epidote also occur in lower 1.5 m. Unit intruded between units 285.6 and 287.1; contacts chilled, dip about 70-80°.

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REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 287.1	INTERVAL(m)	1677.33 - 1677	.76 THI	CKNESS (m)	0.43
INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (inco	omplete)	odib slass	MOTTAN	DVERSERS

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Upper 6 cm fine- to medium-grained, moderately bedded red to dark brown tuff. This is followed by vesicular, non-brecciated basalt grading downward into light gray, fine-grained, aphyric basalt. Vesicles less than 10%, mostly less than 5 mm in upper half, greater than 5 mm in lower half; filled with quartz, epidote and calcite; chlorite/smectite fills small vesicles. Unit lies between units 285.7 and 287.2; upper and lower contacts truncated by dikes, dip about 70-80°.

UNIT NO287.2	INTERVAL(m)	1677.76 - 1691.58	THICKNESS (m)	13.82
INTERPRETATION _	Basalt dike (compl	ete) <u>sisiqado</u>) adib 1	MATION Nasol	PARABLES!

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Fine- to medium-grained, greenish-gray, sparsely phyric basalt. Plagioclase microphenocrysts less than 1%, 1-3 mm. High angle fractures common, often open, others lined with smectite/chlorite. Some intermediate angle fractures dip 20-40° in lower meter, mostly filled with quartz. Irregular, slightly brecciated basal contact, chilled. Slice of country rock (unit 287.1?) lies between 1678.30 and 1678.75 m. Unit intruded between units 287.1 and 289.1.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 289.1 INTERVAL(m) 1691.58 - 1695.20 THICKNESS(m) 3.62

INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Fine- to medium-grained, grayish-green to dark green, aphyric basalt. Less than 1% vesicles, filled with quartz and chlorite/smectite, with some epidote. Subhorizontal fractures common, some subvertical. Unit lies between units 287.2 and 290.1; top contact against dike is irregular and brecciated, lower contact depositional, irregular, arbitrary.

UNIT NO290.	1 INT	ERVAL (m)	1695.20	- 1696.50	THICKNESS (m)	1.30
INTERPRETATION	Basalt fl	ow (incom	plete)		A CONTRACTOR	

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Flow divided into three subunits:

a) 1695.20 - 1695.70 m: Gray to slightly reddish-violet, fine-grained, slightly brecciated and finely vesicular flow top breccia with epidote and quartz in interstices. Two pods of epidote and quartz greater than 1 cm across.
b) 1695.70 - 1696.10 m: Central part gradational to overlying breccia.
Consists of fine-grained, gray, distinctly vesicular basalt with inclined flow banding dipping 10-30°. Vesicles about 5%, filled with quartz, epidote and chlorite/smectite. One subhorizontal fracture. Basal contact gradational.
c) 1696.10 - 1696.50 m: Gray, medium-grained, aphyric basalt with scattered vesicles up to 1 cm across, filled with quartz and epidote with some smectite/chlorite. One brecciated zone near top has quartz in interstices.
Unit lies between units 290.2 and 289.1; upper contact depositional, irregular, indistinct; lower contact against dike dip about 70-80°.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 290.2 INTERVAL(m) 1696.50 - 1698.00 INTERPRETATION Basalt dike (complete)	THICKNESS (m)	1.50
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION Basalt dike (complete)	ic nescaterios	antiat ka
Gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt. Fractures lined with carbonate, chlorite/smectite and epidote. Unifractures throughout most of unit. Unit lies between unique and lower contacts chilled, dip about 70°.		

Tropy West Street / recipients F | January Street Street Francis

UNIT NO.	290.3	INTERVAL(m)	1698.00 - 1702.10	THICKNESS (m)	4.10 /
INTERPRET	ATION Ras	alt dike (incom	plete?)	Marie William	(4344474)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Fine- to relatively coarse-grained, sparsely phryic basalt. Plagioclase microphenocrysts 1%, 1-3 mm. Rare fractures subhorizontal to 15° dip.
Unusually massive unit; rock is fresh and relatively unfractured. Because of relatively coarse grain-size, unit is probably part of thicker dike. Unit lies between 290.2 and 291.1; top contact truncated by overlying dike; lower contact chilled against underlying flow.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 291.1	INTERVAL(m)1702.10 - 1706.68	THICKNESS(m) 4.58
INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (incomplete)	And WOLLSTone County
	The state of the s	

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Fine-grained, aphyric, greenish-gray to gray, 'mottled' basalt with 'pseudo-brecciated' texture in which 1-5 mm wide light gray, subspherical spots lie in a darker matrix; may represent selective alteration. Top 1 m of flow brecciated. Epidote-rich green zone between 1704.75 and 1704.90 m, just below more massive 20-cm-thick layer with subvertical flow banding. Lower 50 cm has irregular vesicles and vesicle sheets, partly open. Moderately fractured, mostly subhorizontal, some dipping 50-60°. Unit lies between units 290.3 and 292.1; upper contact dips 70° against chilled dike margin; lower contact depositional, indistinct, subhorizontal.

UNIT NO	292.1	_ INTERVAL(m) _	1706.68 - 1709.68	THICKNESS (m)	3.00
INTERPRETA	TION	Basalt flow (incom	plete)	Lua el Morra	GLESSIETHS!

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Flow divided into two parts:

- a) Deep green to yellow-green, highly altered, friable to soft, vesicular basalt rich in epidote, chlorite/smectite. Probably flow top breccia. Irregular fractures common, spaced 5-30 cm, mostly dip less than 20°. Transition zone between 1708.80 and 1709.15 where breccia passes into more massive basalt.
- b) Grayish-green, medium-grained, aphyric, massive basalt with smectite/chlorite filled microvesicles. No large vesicles or veins. Unit lies between units 291.1 and 292.2; upper contact depositional, indistinct; lower contact truncated by chilled dike margin, dips 80°.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO	292.2	INTERVAL(m)	1709.68 - 17	20.36	THICKNESS (m)	10.68
INTERPRETAT	TION Bas	salt dike (inco	mplete)	f) worl) a	RESE BOUTAT	THORESTAND
MACROSCOPIO	DESCRIPTI	ON				

Light gray to greenish-gray, fine- to relatively coarse-grained, relatively fresh, sparsely phyric basalt. Grain size increases from margins toward center of unit. Plagioclase microphenocrysts less than 1%, 1-3 mm across. Vesicles sparse, filled with pyrite. Fractures rare, usually at 5 to 60 cm intervals, mostly subhorizontal or dipping up to 50°. Hairline veins filled with quartz, epidote, calcite. Unit lies between units 292.1 and 294.1; upper contact truncated by chilled dike margin dipping 80°; lower contact probably steep but sheared off. Because of relatively coarse grain size dike may have been quite thick.

UNIT NO.	294.1	INTERVAL(m)	1720.36 - 1721.28	THICKNESS (m)	0.92
INTERPRET	ATION	Basalt flow (inco	mplete)	ATION Basal	12/18/17/61

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Greenish-gray, aphyric, fine-grained, vesicular basalt; upper half brecciated. Vesicles filled with chlorite/smectite, calcite and zeolite. Fractures subhorizontal. Overall unit very amygdaloidal but solid basalt. Some minor brecciation at base. Unit lies between units 292.2 and 294.2; top contact sheared but probably dips 70-80°; lower contact arbitrary because underlying highly altered, broken up material may contain some basal breccia.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

These units interpreted to be part of same flow cut by dikes of units 295.1 and 295.2 because of similar texture and mineralogy. Upper unit is fine- to medium-grained, grayish-green sparsely phyric basalt. Plagioclase microphenocrysts 1-2%, altered. Sparse amygdules and slightly inclined flow banding suggest flow origin. Top 40 cm highly altered breccia, possibly flow top, but the contact to more massive basalt at about 1721.75 m is sheared off. Breccia contains abundant epidote, quartz and chlorite/smectite. Fractures sparse and mostly subhorizontal. Some thick lensoid amygdules up to basalt, relatively fresh.

Lower unit similar to massive part of upper one; has sparse microvesicles throughout, filled with smectite/chlorite. Several veinlets between 1732.60 and 1733.00 m, filled with epidote and quartz. Unit lies between units 294.1 and 296.1; upper contact with flow indistinct, subhorizontal, depositional; lower contact against chilled dike margin, dips 70-80°

UNIT NO. 295.1 INTERVAL(m) 1727.08 - 1727.43 THICKNESS(m) 0.35

INTERPRETATION Basalt dike(?) (incomplete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Grayish-green, medium-grained, sparsely phyric basalt. Plagioclase phenocrysts 1%, 2-5 mm. Unit lies between units 294.2 and 295.2; top contact horizontal, appears chilled against overlying flow; lower contact highly brecciated and invaded by thin dikes of unit 295.2. Origin of unit unclear; upper contact and absence of vesicles suggest a dike, flow banding suggests flow.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 295.2 IN	TERVAL(m) 1727.43 -	1728.10	THICKNESS (m) 0.6
		agr) enly 74s	
INTERPRETATION COMPTEX	basart dike	1/4 (A)	OSCOPYC DESCRIPTYC
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	*		
Light to dark gray, fine- microphenocrysts, less th and fragments of country top and bottom contacts i dip about 60-70°.	nan 1%. Consists of 10 rock. Unit lies betwoernegular but steep, d	0-20 thin dik een units 295 ipping 50-60°	elets and screens .1 and 295.3; . Dikelets
and the Personal			
	sa bippant in Marana and chief in Jamesting	adding a second	
Ga. Siri move at a			1735 00 u; filled
Ca. Siri movement along			1735 00 u; filled
Ga. Siri move at a			1735 00 u; filled
Ga. Siri move and a			1735 00 u; filled
Ga. Siri movement alone			1735 00 u; filled
Ca. Siri movement along			1735 00 u; filled
Ca. Sit; maker along a line of a lin			1735 00 u; filled

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, fine-grained, massive, aphyric basalt with four subhorizontal fractures. Unit intruded between units 295.3 and 296.2; top and bottom contacts chilled, dip about 70°

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 296.2 INTERVAL(m) 1736.70 - 1737.00	THICKNESS (m)	0.30
INTERPRETATIONClastic unit (incomplete)	DIR KOTTAT	Magrapia.
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION	TTTTADESG 519	IODGGGGGG
Brown to greenish-gray, vaguely bedded, ash to fine lapilli vitric tuff(?). Very compact rock (metamorphosed?). One sofracture lined by chlorite/smectite and pyrite. Unit lies 296.1 and 296.3; upper contact against chilled dike margin clower contact depositional, irregular, dips about 50°.	ubhorizontal between unit: dips about 70	- markam
xor Part 60		
Quon's series of the series of		3.

1737.00 - 1737.36

THICKNESS (m) 0.36

INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (complete?) MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

UNIT NO. 296.3

Gray, highly to moderately vesicular, fine-grained, aphyric basalt. Minor flow top breccia with vesicles up to 20%, filled with quartz, epidote, and zeolite. Some tuff(?) from overlying unit below uppermost 10-cm-thick fragment. Unit lies between units 296.2 and 296.4; top contact depositional, irregular, dips about 50°; lower contact depositional, subhorizontal, sharp.

INTERVAL(m)

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO	296.4	INTERVAL(m)	1737.36 -	1742.09	THICKNESS (m)	4.73
INTERPRETA	TION Basa	1t flow (compl	ete)	only the o	Lineth state	(EggAFFWI

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, aphyric basalt, fine-grained and vesicular in upper part to 1741.20 m, medium-grained and flow banded in lower part. Flow may be continuation of unit 296.3, but gets distinctly finer grained toward top. Degree of vesicularity and alternation of vesicular and less vesicular zones suggests that unit 296.4 consists of several flow units in the top part of a thick flow. Most vesicles except in the lower 1 m are irregular, elongated, filled with quartz, epidote, and chlorite/smectite. Some are open, drusy cavities. Fractures moderately abundant, generally spaced 15-40 cm apart, generally dip less than 40°. Unit lies between units 296.3 and 297.1; upper contact depositional, subhorizontal; lower contact against chilled dike margin dips about 10°.

UNIT NO. 297.1	INTERVAL(m) <u>1742.09 - 1747.40</u>	THICKNESS (m)	4.31
INTERPRETATION	Basalt dike (incomplete?)	Lagal MOFTAN	a manufacture

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt. Alteration minor except for chlorite/smectite linings on fractures and minor hairline veins. Upper 25 cm of unit complex, consisting of several thinner dikes and screens. Fractures common, mostly subvertical, especially in central part of unit; most fractures closed. Lies between units 296.4 and 298.1; upper contact against chilled dike margin dips about 10°; basal contact very irregular, not definitely chilled. Contact replaced by 5-cm-thick, inclined vein filled with quartz and zeolite(?).

INTERVAL(m) 1747.40 - 1748.68

THICKNESS(m) 1.28

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

INTERPRETATION _	Basalt dike (con	mplete?)	Tiness VOTTS	
MACROSCOPIC DESC	CRIPTION		ROITHIRDERG OF	90020908M
units 297.1 and quartz-epidote-s chilled against	298.2; upper conta zeolite vein; lower underlying flow.	ric basalt. Veins dip baced at 5-15 cm intervact very complex, inter contact dips about 70 Dike may be continuation	als. Lies betwee fingering with it -80°, irregular, on of unit 297.1	een rregular
		cantagen ind rich gail		
		confedent san this furt		10 3 hir
arra dara nauti ni		the gray, seddom part, in fill the part of the conting in lower parts of the conting in lower parts of the continue to the continue to the continue	the representation of the control of	no secul nellocaly solvents an a. 55 hotograf- noraclect
				*
JNIT NO. 298.2	INTERVAL(m)	1748.68 - 1753.76	THICKNESS (m)	5.08
INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (inco	omplete) ·	Harall Morres	Tuebarra)
MACROSCOPIC DESCR				

UNIT NO. 298.1

Greenish-gray, fine- to medium-grained basalt with highly variable vesicle zones except for zone between 1752.20 and 1753.65 m which is medium-grained and has only very few scattered, round vesicles. Vesicles filled with quartz, epidote, and smectite/chlorite. Fractures subhorizontal to 30° dip, very rare. Upper part of flow probably consists of several flow units welded together. Thin, fine-grained dikelets about 1 cm wide between 1748.90 and 1749.14 m. 2-cm-wide vein at base of lower dikelet, filled with quartz and zeolite. Unit lies between units 298.1 and 299.1; upper contact against chilled dike margin; lower contact indistinct, arbitrary, depositional.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 300.1 INTERVAL(m) 1753.76 - 1756.24 THICKNESS(m) 2.48 1.08

INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Upper unit is gray to reddish-gray, highly to moderately vesicular basalt.

Upper 40 cm is breccia with vesicular clasts up to 15 cm across, and zones of varying vesicularity. Zone between 1754.30 and 1754.60 m has largest (up to 1 cm) and most abundant vesicles, up to 30%. This zone is green and most highly altered but not friable; contains epidote and quartz. Fractures at 20-30 cm intervals, subhorizontal. Basal contact dips about 10° and lies above slightly chilled underlying basalt which is probably another flow unit of this complex cooling unit but separated from it because of the very sharp and clear contact.

Lower unit gray to reddish-gray, medium- to fine-grained, aphyric basalt. Vesicles 10% in upper part; 2% in lower part, filled with quartz, chlorite/smectite, and epidote. Flow banding in lower half slightly inclined. Rare fractures dip 20-40°. Greenish-gray, irregular, 1-cm-wide dike in lower 20 cm associated with thick quartz-epidote vein.

Compound unit lies between units 298.2 and 300.2; upper contact depositional, indistinct, arbitrary; lower contact depositional, subhorizontal, has 2 cm of basal breccia.

UNIT NO. 300.2 INTERVAL(m) 1757.32 - 1759.51 THICKNESS(m) 2.19

INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (complete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt with 10 cm flow top breccia and abundant quartz-pyrite-epidote veins in upper 30 cm. Vesicles rare below 1758.30 m. Lower half of flow has well developed flow banding, dips about 30°. Basal 20 cm again vesicular. Lower half of unit contains irregular pods and veins of quartz-epidote-chlorite/smectite. Fractures 10-60 cm apart, mostly subhorizontal to less than 40° dip; two fractures dip 60-70°. One vein filled with smectite/chlorite dips 70°. Units lies between units 300.1 and 300.3; top and bottom contacts irregular, depositional. This flow may be subunit of complex flow including units 299.1, 300.1 and 300.3.

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UNIT NO.	300.3	INTERVAL(m)	1759.51 - 1761.0	O THI	CKNESS (m)	1.49
INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)			man start		na hauntas	
MACDOCCODIC	DEGGETEMEN					

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Medium gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric to very sparsely phyric basalt. Upper 20 cm scoriaceous breccia with fragments 2-15 cm across, moderately to highly vesicular. Irregular subhorizontal fractures 10-30 cm apart. Vesicles filled with quartz, carbonate, zeolite and epidote. Unit lies between units 300.2 and 300.4; upper contact irregular, indistinct, depositional; lower contact against chilled dike margin, sharp, subhorizontal. This flow may be a subunit of complex flow including units 299.1, 300.1 and 300.2.

UNIT NO. 300.4	INTERVAL(m)	1761.00 - 17	72.83	THICKNESS (m)	11.83
INTERPRETATION Basal	t dike (comple	ete)	il Tion of	286.7 Brite	THE REPORT

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Medium gray, fine- to medium-grained, sparsely phyric basalt. Plagioclase microphenocrysts 1%, 1-3 mm. Entire unit relatively fresh except for chlorite/smectite lining on fracture surfaces and some irregular thin quartz veins in lower 50 cm. Unit strongly fractured, fractures subhorizontal to steep. Unit lies between units 300.3 and 303.1; upper contact sharp, subhorizontal, chilled; lower contact chilled with three 1-cm-thick dikelets and thin screens of underlying flow.

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UNIT NO. 303	1 INTERVAL(m)	1772.83 - 1774.54	THICKNESS (m)	1.71
INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (incom	plete)	ATTON BISSIC	INTERPRED

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, medium- to fine-grained, aphyric basalt. Pods and veins up to 1 cm thick, scattered through unit, filled with quartz and epidote. Irregular smectite/chlorite-filled microvesicles throughout. Fractures subhorizontal, veins dip about 60-70°. Unit lies between unit 300.4 and 303.2; upper contact against chilled dike margin; lower contact depositional, subhorizontal.

UNIT NO.	303.2	INTERVAL(m)	1774.54 - 1775.05	THICKNESS (m)	0.51
INTERPRETA	ATION _	Clastic unit (comp	lete) (938) 481	Tipeed MOITA	Medicinal de

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Dominantly violet-gray, moderately bedded, chiefly ash size, very well indurated tuff(?) with layers of different grain size. Dark colored at top and bottom. Several layers of lapilli fragments, less than 1 cm across, particularly in central part of unit. Sparse subvertical to inclined hairline fractures. Lies between units 303.1 and 303.2; upper and lower contacts depositional, subhorizontal.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO.	303.3	INTERVAL (m)	1775.05 - 1775.75	THICKNESS (m)	0.70
INTERPRETA	TION	Basalt flow (inco	omplete)	diagni uswann	on trendereka.

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Light gray to dark gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric, highly vesicular, often brecciated basalt. Upper 40 cm with large clasts or flow units up to 35 cm thick. Below 1775.50 m unit is moderately vesicular, scoriaceous breccia with general clast size less than 10 cm. Pods and vesicles filled with quartz and zeolite, some epidote and calcite. Smectite/chlorite occurs in small irregular vesicles. Lies between units 303.2 and 303.4; upper contact depositional, subhorizontal; lower contact against chilled dike margin, dips about 50°. Unit could possibly be top of thick flow in unit 304.1.

UNIT NO	303.4	INTERVAL (m)	1775.75	- 1782.65	THICKNESS (m)	6.90
INTERPRETAT	TION Basal	t dike (comp	lete)	engal yilli	rlagg0 - 1001184	ar gora

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt. Top 40 cm complex with several 1-cm-thick dikelets, brecciation and a large zeolite-calcite-filled vug. A piece of country rock (vesicular basalt) at 1779.85 m. Subhorizontal fractures common between 1776.80 and 1778.40 where rock is largely broken up. Scattered subvertical hairline veins. Lies between units 303.3 and 304.1; top and bottom contacts chilled, dip 70-80°.

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UNIT NO. 304.1	INTERVAL (m)	1782.65 - 178	8.45 THICKNESS (m)	5.80
INTERPRETATION _	Basalt flow (incom	plete) (cut by	dikelet at 1784.85 m)	THEFT STIFF

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray to greenish-gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt with abundant relatively large, irregular to lensoid vesicles and prominent veins throughout. Veins and vesicles filled with quartz, zeolite, epidote and calcite; green smectite/chlorite in small vesicles. Lower 2 m greenish-gray basalt with more massive texture, lacking vesicles. Fractures relatively abundant, most dipping about 70°, some subhorizontal. Sulphide specks up to 2 mm across common in lower part of unit. Unit lies between units 303.4 and 305.1; upper and lower contacts truncated by chilled dike margins dipping 70-80°. Unit may be lower part of flow in unit 303.3.

N.B. Box 304 in core photographs is upside down.

UNIT NO. 305.1	INTERVAL(m) 1788.45 - 1838.53	THICKNESS(m) 50.08
INTERPRETATION	Basalt dike (complete)	Notices Notification

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, fine- to medium-grained, sparsely phyric basalt. Plagioclase microphenocrysts 1%, 1-2 mm long. Unit generally very fresh and massive but cut by moderately abundant, dominantly vertical fractures lined with smectite/chlorite. A few widely spaced 'shear' zones, 10-20 m apart, filled with thick veins and vugs of zeolite, epidote, calcite. Closely spaced horizontal fractures , 1-5 cm apart, occur below 1828.90 m. Unit intruded between units 304.1 and 314.1; upper and lower contacts chilled, dip 70-80°. Unit may be part of large multiple dike.

UNIT NO. 314.1 INTERVAL(m) 1838.53 - 1839.70 THICKNESS(m) 1.17

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INTERPRETATION	Basalt dike(?) (i	ncomplete)	soll with steam	
MACROSCOPIC DESCR	IPTION		MOITTIAN	eko bisobegan
between units 305	assive, medium-grain judging from abse 5.1 and 314.2; uppe, steeply dipping.	nce of vesicl r and lower c Probably par	es and massive tex contacts against ch t of large multipl	ture. Lies illed margins e dike.
			dans taminga belish da darin marijala d	
UNIT NO. 314.2	INTERVAL (m)	1839.70 - 184	10.42 THICKNES	SS(m) 0.72
INTERPRETATION	Basalt dike (comple	te)	Meko (s. 77aesa	HOTT ATTEMPTED
MACROSCOPIC DESCRI	PTION			AT THOUSANDS
Grayish-green, fin	ne- to medium-grain s 314.1 and 314.3.	ed, aphyric b Probably par	asalt with chilled t of large multipl	margins. e dike.
	herstung hadden affo	seed party	and the last of the last of	

UNIT NO. 314.3 INTERVAL(m) 1840.42 - 1846.51 THICKNESS(m) 6.09

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

INTERPRETATION _	Basalt dike (inco	omplete)	<u> </u>
MACROSCOPIC DESCI	RIPTION		
Plagioclase micr slightly flow ba with smectite/ch units 314.2 and lower margin chi	ophenocrysts less nded. Extremely falorite, some with 315.1; upper conta	than 1%, 0.5 to 1 mm fractured; fractures d calcite and zeolite. act against chilled marlying flow, contact d	ip 75-90°, coated Unit lies between rgin of younger dike;
			w.
	× ×		
UNIT NO. 315.1	INTERVAL (m)	1846.51 - 1851.62	THICKNESS(m) 5.11
INTERPRETATION _	Basalt flow (inc	complete)	h massi Romanasisis
MACROSCOPIC DESC			
Gray, chiefly me calcite, quartz,	dium-grained, aphy zeolite and epido	vric basalt. Vugs up ote above about 18	to 3 cm, filled with 49.40 m. Below vugs

are smaller, generally less than 3 mm, and chiefly filled with green smectite/chlorite. Gray dikelet, 1-3 cm wide, dips 70°. Broken material at 1850.66 m. Breccia in lower 20 cm rich in epidote with one large, 3-cm-wide vug. Unit lies between units 314.3 and 316.1; upper contact against chilled dike margin; basal contact depositional, indistinct, arbitrary. Possible that

units 315.1, 316.1 and 316.2 are parts of large complex flow.

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UNIT NO	316.1	INTERVAL (m)	1851.62 - 1853.20	THICKNESS (m)	1.58
INTERPRETA	TION Ba	asalt flow (comp	lete)		7223

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Green, highly altered scoriaceous breccia with highly vesicular fragments in upper part, vesicles up to 4 mm across, filled with epidote and quartz. Relatively massive, fine-grained basalt below 1852.80 m. Unit lies between units 315.1 and 316.2; upper and lower contacts depositonal, subhorizontal, uneven, somewhat arbitrary. Unit may be part of larger unit of highly vesicular rubbly flows including 315.1 and 316.2.



UNIT NO. 316.2 INTERVAL(m) 1853.20 - 1854.72 THICKNESS(m) 1.52

INTERPRETATION Scoriaceous breccia unit (complete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Scoriaceous breccia with highly vesicular clasts to greater than 10 cm across. Highly altered to clays, quartz, epidote and zeolite. Some vesicles open. Subhorizontal fractures common, possibly due to drilling. Lies between units 316.1 and 317.1; top and bottom contact irregular, depositional, somewhat arbitrary. Unit probably part of complex of thin scoriaceous flows including units 315.1 and 315.2.

planettingel lanten upt 15.8ft bas 1.71% athmi makered seif 32ms housewall tivection, sometimes in a contest against chilise carries of dike,

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO	317.1_	INTERVAL(m)	1854.72 -	1856.21	THICKN	IESS(m)	1.49
INTERPRETA	TIONC	Clastic unit (com	plete)	то) - ис.11. з	14.65%	milia	anthorist

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Dominantly reddish-brown to dark brown, chiefly ash-size volcaniclastic sediments. Bedding dips about 20°. Some coarse ash to fine-grained lapillistone. Some epidote in upper part. Beds vary from 5 mm to 10 cm thick. Lies between units 316.2 and 317.2; top contact depositional, indistinct; basal contact sharp, irregular on vesicular flow top.

	317.2	with a new colors.	1856.21 - 1859.35	mur gipinga ()	3.14
UNIT NO.	318.1	INTERVAL(m)	1860.15 - 1863.83	THICKNESS (m)	3.68

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

These two units interpreted as parts of single flow based on lithology and thinness of dike between them. Upper unit gray, fine- to medium -grained, highly vesicular basalt with large, partly open vesicles in sheets up to 1 cm wide between 1856.50 and 1856.80 m. Vesicles filled with quartz, epidote and zeolite; small vesicles filled with smectite/chlorite. Vesicles become rounder and less abundant downward. Fractures 20-40 cm apart, subhorizontal to inclined up to 50°.

Lower unit is gray, medium-grained aphyric, massive basalt with round vesicles, 0.2 to 1 cm across, filled with quartz, calcite, and epidote in central part. Fractures mostly 10-20 cm apart, subhorizontal; several hairline fractures filled with quartz, zeolite and calcite are subvertical.

Compound unit lies between units 317.1 and 318.2; top contact depositional, irregular, subhorizontal; lower contact against chilled margin of dike, partly brecciated.

INTERVAL(m) 1859.35 - 1860.15

THICKNESS(m) 0.80

THICKNESS (m) 5.40

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Basalt dike (complete)

UNIT NO. 318.2 INTERVAL(m) 1863.83 - 1869.23

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION		NAMES OF THE OWNERS OF THE PARTY OF THE PART
phyric basalt with abundar between units 317.2 and 3	18.1; top and bottom conta	sparsely plagioclase- s dip 30-70°. Lies cts chilled, dip 75-80°.
		tron and the new indicate the standard that which and the standard that with a standard the standard that it and applicate the standard that it appreciation with a correct that the standard to the standard that

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

INTERPRETATION Basalt dike (complete)

UNIT NO. 317.3

INTERPRETATION

Greenish-gray, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt with deep green, highly altered, partly brecciated central part between 1865.20 and 1866.40 m. Large veins and vugs filled with crystals of quartz, epidote and zeolite. Most fractures and veins dip 30-70°. Unit lies between units 318.1 and 319.1; upper contact chilled, partly brecciated; lower contact chilled, wavy, dips about 80°.

REYDARFJORDUR 1978

UNIT NO. 319.1	INTERVAL(m)	1869.23 - 1876.90	THICKNESS (m)	7.67
INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow-brecci	a unit (incomplete)	(BEER KILLY,	1MTERPAL

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray, fine-grained, aphyric, vesicular basalt. Upper part to 1872.05 m dominantly massive basalt with minor brecciation but abundant smectite/chlorite-filled vesicles to 2 mm, and scattered vugs filled with quartz, zeolite and epidote. This is followed to about 1873.10 m by more highly brecciated but 'healed' gray basalt similar to upper part. From 1873.10 to 1874.00 m rock is brecciated and more highly vesicular with vugs filled with quartz and epidote. This followed by more massive basalt to 1875.25 m. Small vesicles in sheets with irregular orientation, suggesting flow banding or brecciation with subsequent welding. At base is about 1.5 m of brecciated, scoriaceous basalt, dark gray in color with round to irregular clasts up to 15 cm across. Clasts set in light gray, finely vesicular, fine-grained matrix. Rare fractures, subhorizontal. Unit lies between units 318.2 and 320.1; upper contact against chilled dike; lower contact depositional, somewhat arbitrary.

UNIT NO320.1	INTERVAL(m) <u>1876.90 - 1881.70</u>	THICKNESS(m) 4.80
INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (complete)	March, Cottateralise

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Flow divided into two parts:

a) 1876.90 - 1878.10 m: Dominantly green, epidotized, scoriaceous breccia. Most clasts less than 5 cm, set in fine-grained, reddish-gray matrix. Few fractures. Gradational into lower part.

b) 1878.10 - 1881.70 m: Light grayish-green, fine- to medium-grained, aphyric basalt. Upper 40 cm welded, brecciated rock with scattered quartz-filled veins up to 1 cm wide. Fractures subhorizontal to subvertical, spaced 10-40 cm. Some hairline cracks and veins. 15 cm of breccia at base with scoria fragments in lava matrix. Unit lies between units 319.1 and 321.1; contacts depositional, irregular. Unit may be part of composite flow including units 320.1, 321.1 and 321.2.

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UNIT NO	321.1	INTERVAL(m)	1881.70 - 1882.95	THICKNESS (m)	1.25
INTERPRETAT	ΓΙΟΝ Ba	salt flow (comp	lete)	isasi katata	DISTINI.

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Gray basalt breccia composed of moderately vesicular scoria clasts, mostly less than 5 cm across, set in green, epidote-rich matrix. Massive, internally brecciated zone between 1882.60 and 1882.90 m. Unit lies between units 320.1 and 321.2; upper and lower contacts depositional and somewhat arbitrary. Flow probably part of composite unit including 320.1 and 321.2.

and the control of th

UNIT NO. 321.2	INTERVAL(m)	1882.95 - 1890.69	THICKNESS (m)	7.74
INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (comp	lete)		

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Flow divided into four subunits:

- a) 1882.95 1883.70 m: Green to greenish-gray, scoriaceous breccia with abundant epidote. Clasts mostly less than 5 cm across but boundaries indistinct. Base soft and clayey and broken up. Fractures spaced 5-40 cm apart and subhorizontal to 30° dip.
- b) 1883.70 1886.30 m: Gray, finely vesicular, faintly internally brecciated, fine-grained, apyric basalt with transitional boundaries. Vesicles filled with smectite/chlorite.
- c) 1886.30 1890.20 m: Grayish-green, flow banded, medium-grained basalt with rare, irregular, large sheet-like, quartz-filled vugs, partly open.
- d) 1890.20 1890.69 m: Internally brecciated basal zone with two large vesicles, up to 2 cm across, filled with quartz and minor epidote and calcite. Unit lies between units 321.1 and 323.1; Upper contact depositional, indistinct; lower contact depositional, sharp, dips 10°. Unit may be part of composite flow including units 320.1, 321.1 and 321.2.

UNIT NO. 323.1 INTERVAL(m) 1890.69 - 1900.49 THICKNESS(m) 8.80

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INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (comple	ete)	TATION Been	REFEREN
MACROSCOPIC DESCR	IPTION			
a) 1881.69 - 1893 less than 5 cm ac Clasts subrounded vesicular and fin horizontal. Base b) 1893.00 - 1894 basalt with irreg but not complete c) 1894.90 - 1900 sparse, 2 mm to 1 zeolite. Brown g smectite/chlorite Unit lies between	three parts: 3.00 m: Red to gray, 3.00 m: Red to gray, 3.10 ross. Vesicles and be 4.10 and moderately to he 5.10 e-grained in lower part 6.10 m: Light gray, 6.10 m: Light gray, 7.10 miles disruption during flow 6.10 m: Medium-grained 6.10 m: Medium-grained 6.11 miles with quart 6.11 miles with quart 6.11 miles also presented 6.12 miles also presented 6.12 miles also presented 6.12 miles also presented 6.13 miles also presented 6.14 miles also presented 6.15 miles and 6.15 miles also presented 6.15 miles and 6.15 miles and 6.15 miles also presented 6.15 miles and 6.15 miles and 6.15 miles also presented 6.15 m	scoriaceous breccia breccia interstices ighly vesicular in to art. Fractures space subunit. fine-grained, faintly as suggesting breccia owage. Contacts diffed, massive, aphyric rtz and minor epidote sent. Finely vesiculow 1900.20 m1; upper contact de	filled with epid op part, finely ed 10-20 cm and y internally bre ation and reweld fuse. basalt. Vesicle, calcite and lar zone with epositional, sha	cciated ing,
UNIT NO. 324.1	INTERVAL(m)	1900.49 - 1910.53	THICKNESS (m)	10.04
INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (complete	e) (stalemas) 4014 1	teas WOITAY	DATE RPEN
MACROSCOPIC DESCR	IPTION		PRIC DESCRIPTION	
top breccia and s a) upper 1.7 m -	ar to those above and harp base. Unit divided gray, red, and green filled with epidote	ided into three subu mottled scoriaceous	nits:	

b) 1.7 to 2.3 m - green breccia and internally brecciated basalt with

c) remainder of flow - gray, very sparsely plagioclase phyric basalt. Plagioclase phenocrysts less than 1%, less than 2 mm long. Rock fine-

Unit lies between units 323.1 and 326.1; contacts depositional, subhorizontal.

contact capasational, sharp, dips 10 . Unit may be part of composite

to medium-grained, moderately altered to smectite/chlorite.

abundant epidote.

INTERVAL(m) 1910.53 - 1910.62

THICKNESS(m) 0.09

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UNIT NO. 326.1

subhorizontal.

INTERPRETATION _	Clastic unit (complete)	MOTTATEGRALICA
MACROSCOPIC DESCR	RIPTION	FOITSTROOMS TONDONESS
Brick red, rather contacts deposite 80°.	r massive tuff(?). Unit lies between ional; upper contact subhorizontal; lo	units 324.1 and 326.2; wer contact dips about
UNIT NO. 326.2	INTERVAL(m) 1910.62 - 1918.52	THICKNESS(m)7.90
INTERPRETATION	Basalt flow (complete)	Tingen MONTATAShwire.
MACROSCOPIC DESCRI	PTION	MACRO SCREET DRECKIPTION
	to purple, grading downward to gray at ecciated to 1912.30 m. Top 1 m contain	. 1011

quartz and epidote. Vesicles mostly less than 5 mm across, mostly filled with chlorite/smectite. Lower part of flow is gray, aphyric basalt, generally massive but with some flow banding. Vesicles less abundant in lower part than in top. Unit lies between units 326.1 and 327.1; contacts depositional; upper contact dips about 80°; lower contact

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	(4.	
UNIT	NO.	(327.1)
		1

INTERVAL(m) 1918.52 - 1918.85 THICKNESS(m) 0.33

INTERPRETATION Clastic unit (complete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Red to dark brown, well bedded on cm-scale, air fall, crystal-vitric tuff. Lies between units 326.2 and 327.2; contacts depositional, subhorizontal.

UNIT NO. 327.2 INTERVAL(m) 1918.85 - 1919.73 THICKNESS(m) 0.88 INTERPRETATION Basalt flow (incomplete)

MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

Red to green, scoriaceous breccia with clasts up to 8 cm across. Finegrained basalt with 10 to 50% vesicles, filled by smectite/chlorite, abundant epidote, and quartz. Rock highly altered. Unit lies between unit 327.1 and base of hole; upper contact depositional, irregular, indistinct.